IMMUNOPATHOLOGY REVIEW 2011								
Immunopathology	Mechanism	Effector cells	Typical example	Diagnosis	Treatment			
Type 1	IgE on mast cells ►Early phase: histamine release	(B cells make IgE) (excessive Th2-like Tfh help) Mast cells	► Seasonal rhinitis (mostly early phase) ► Asthma (eventually mostly late phase)	Skin prick tests History CAP-FIA (lab test for specific IgE) Challenge tests	➤ Antihistamines			
	(15 min) ► Late phase: PG and LT production, cytokines (6-8 hr.) ► Eosinophil chemotaxis	Various, including M2 macrophages Eosinophils	► Eczema ► Anaphylaxis (early phase)	Charlenge tests	(omalizumab, Xolair) for chronic asthma ► Epinephrine for anaphylaxis			
Type 2	IgG autoAb (occasionally IgA, IgM)	(B cells make IgG) (excessive or illicit Tfh help; cross- reaction; exposure of sequestered Ag) Neutrophils	► Graves' disease ('LATS' Ab to TSH receptor stimulates) ► Goodpasture's (Ab to collagen Ag in kidney and lung) ► Rheumatic heart disease (cross- reaction with Strep)	Fluorescent antibody techniques using patient's or normal tissue (linear pattern) Some specific immunoassays	➤ Corticosteroids ➤ NSAIDs (nonsteroidal anti- inflammatory drugs) ➤ DMARDs (disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drugs) ➤ mAbs to decrease T or B cells			
Type 3	IgG, IgA (IgM) immune complexes to intrinsic or extrinsic Ags	(B cells make Ab) (excessive or illicit Tfh help) Neutrophils	► Serum sickness ► Poststreptococcal glomerulonephritis ► Hypersensitivity pneumonitis (Farmer's Lung: develops into a Type 4 disease) ► Arthus reaction	"Mixed cryoglobulins" Biopsy shows lumpy-bumpy pattern	Supportive care for self-limited conditions Corticosteroids			

Type 4	T cell mediated (delayed hypersensitivity)	Th1, Th2, Th17 (insufficient Treg) M1 macs (Th1) M2 macs (Th2) CTL	 ► Multiple sclerosis ► Hashimoto's thyroiditis ► Type 1 diabetes (T1D) ► Rheumatoid arthritis (like T1D, starts with autoAb then → T cell dominated 	Biopsy shows mononuclear cell infiltrate Research tests show Ag-specific T cells	Immunosuppression Anti-inflammatories mAbs to T cells
'Chronic Frustrated Immune Response'	T cells against non- removable Ags → chronic inflammation	Th1, Th2, Th17 (insufficient Treg) M1 macs (Th1) M2 macs (Th2) CTL	 ▶ celiac disease: gluten ▶ inflammatory bowel disease (Crohn's, ulcerative colitis): normal gut flora ▶ Chronic beryllium disease: Be ▶ psoriasis: normal skin flora 	Biopsy shows characteristic pathology Research tests show Ag-specific T cells, insufficient Treg	Immunosuppression Anti-inflammatories mAbs to T cells